PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION A NONPROFIT MEMBERSHIP CORPORATION Bensalem, Pennsylvania

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association Bensalem, Pennsylvania

Secretary
Pennsylvania Office of the Budget

Report on the Combined Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined financial statements of the Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association (a nonprofit membership corporation) (the Association), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2013, and the related combined statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the combined financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Combined Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these combined financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the combined financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these combined financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund Division of the Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association, Inc. (PRDF), which reflect total assets and total liabilities of \$5,672,709 as of December 31, 2013, respectively. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Race Horse Development Funds, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the PRDF were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the combined financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit

also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the combined financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as of December 31, 2013, and the change in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Combining Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements as a whole. The combining information on pages 19-21 are presented for purposes of additional analysis of the combined financial statements rather than to present the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the individual associations, and is not a required part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements. The combining information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements or to the combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters

Other Information – Statement of Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements and Changes in Escrow Balances and Schedule of Administrative Expenses

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements as a whole. The statement of cash receipts and cash disbursements and changes in escrow balances and schedule of administrative expenses, as required by Chapter 436b of the Pennsylvania Horse Development and Gaming Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required as part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements or to the combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole.

Other Information – Membership Information

The membership information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the combined financial statements. The information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

liftonLarsonAllen LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2014, on our consideration of the Association's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Association's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP

Baltimore, Maryland December 9, 2014 **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION, INC. COMBINED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2013

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,020,408
Trade accounts receivable		25,791
Other receivables		77,889
Inventory		173,096
Prepaid expenses		57,757
Total current assets		1,354,941
INVESTMENTS		274,626
RESTRICTED DEVELOPMENT FUND ASSETS		
Restricted cash		3,554,773
Statutory funds receivable		2,113,636
Prepaid expenses		4,300
Total Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund assets		5,672,709
EQUIPMENT AND FURNISHINGS		
Cemetery lots		2,410
Vehicles		114,696
Storage trailers and related equipment		71,075
Office equipment and furniture		121,885
Less: accumulated depreciation		(264,396)
Net equipment and furnishings		45,670
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	7,347,946
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	120,279
Customer deposits		26,012
Due to Philadelphia Park		158,404
Accrued payroll		27,821
Other accrued expenses		23,839
Total current liabilities		356,355
PENNSYLVANIA RACE HORSE DEVELOPMENT FUND LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		23,504
Accrued employee and trainers pension funds		445,224
Accrued purse payouts		5,003,342
Other accrued expenses		200,639
Total Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund liabilities		5,672,709
Total liabilities		6,029,064
NET ASSETS		4 046 555
Unrestricted		1,318,882
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	7,347,946

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION, INC. COMBINED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended December 31, 2013

UNRESTRICTED REVENUES AND SUPPORT		
Shares of wagering - per Live Racing Agreement	\$	1,668,894
Contributions		362,228
Fundraising, net of direct expenses		6,290
Sale of merchandise		2,745,974
Interest Horsemen's funds - Philadelphia Park		12,227
Broadcasting income		12,400
Miscellaneous income		23,724
Interest income		20,346
Realized and unrealized loss on investments		(12,742)
Total unrestricted revenues and support		4,839,341
EXPENSES		
Program services:		
Horsemen's Advocacy Program		1,780,028
Horse Supplies Program		2,653,405
Backstretch Social Programs		106,139
Backstretch Healthcare Programs		147,572
Thoroughbred Horse Retirement Program		392,217
Total program services		5,079,361
Management and general		142,670
Fundraising		587
Total expenses		5,222,618
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS		(383,277)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,702,159
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	1,318,882

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION, INC. **COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** Year Ended December 31, 2013

\$ (383,277)Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 12,730 Realized and unrealized loss on investments 12,742 Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 18,127 (22,502)Inventory Prepaid expenses (886)(91,846) Accounts payable Due to Philadelphia Park 29,108 **Customer deposits** (13,593)Accrued payroll 4,936 (51,491)Other accrued expenses

Net cash used in operating activities	(485,952)
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75,503

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by operating activities

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Change in net assets

Purchases of equipment and furnishings	(271)
Sale of investments, net	75,774

NET DECREASE IN CASH	(410,449)

CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,430,857
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CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,020,408

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The combined financial statements include the following entities; Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association, Inc. ("PTHA"), Horsemen's Purchasing Association, Inc. ("HPA"), Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association Benefit Trust ("PTHA BT), Turning For Home, Inc. ("TFH") and The Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund Division ("PRDF Division").

PTHA represents the common business interests of horse owners, their employees, and independent contractors (collectively referred to as members) with management of Bensalem Racing Association, the owner of Parx Racing, and Keystone Turf Clubs, Inc. PTHA works to protect and provide for Parx Racing horsemen through the guarantee of live racing, increased purses, and healthcare for its families. It also promotes thoroughbred racing and improvements in the thoroughbred racing industry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. PTHA located in Bucks County, provides administrative and management services, strategic and financial planning, asset management, and budgeting services to the related entities - HPA, PTHA BT, and TFH. Each of the entities is related to PTHA as a result of their common management.

HPA sells horse related goods and supplies to the members of PTHA.

PTHA BT provides welfare benefits and social programs for the members of PTHA, their eligible dependents, employees, independent contractors, and beneficiaries.

TFH is a retirement program for the thoroughbred horses that can no longer race due to injury or lack of ability. TFH provides humane and dignified retirement for horses stabled at Philadelphia Park.

PRDF Division of the PTHA was formed in December 2006 pursuant to Section 1405 and 1406 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes Title 4 Amusements (the "Statute"). Section 1405 of the Statutes provides for the establishment of a Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund within the State Treasury and requires that each active and operating licensed gaming entity shall pay a daily assessment to the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund. In accordance with Section 1406 of the Statute, the State Treasury shall make distributions from the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund to each active and operating Category 1 licensee conducting live racing in the manner outlined in Section 1406 of the Statutes. It is the responsibility of the PTHA - PRDF Division to distribute the funds received by Philadelphia Park Racetrack's Horsemen's Association (PTHA) in accordance with the Statute.

The PRDF Division serves as the custodian of funds to be used by the beneficiary of the funds received under Sections 1405 and 1406 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes Title 4 Amusements (the "Statute").

Combination Policy

The combined financial statements include the accounts of PTHA; HPA; PTHA BT; and TFH. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in combination.

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Financial Statement Presentation

The Organizations report information regarding their financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Unrestricted net assets – Unrestricted net assets are the net assets that are neither permanently restricted nor temporarily restricted by donor-imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Directors or otherwise limited by contractual arrangements with outside parties. Unrestricted net assets are composed of the following:

- General Represents resources available for support of operations.
- Fixed assets Represents resources designated for fixed asset acquisitions and net assets expended for fixed assets.
- Board designated The Board of Directors has designated certain amounts, within which the balance of net assets together with accumulated earnings thereon is to be spent only for purposes approved by the Board.

Temporarily restricted net assets – Temporarily restricted net assets result from contributions whose use is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that either expire by the passage of time or can be fulfilled and removed by actions of the Board pursuant to those stipulations. Net assets may be temporarily restricted for various purposes, such as use in future periods or use for specified purposes. As of December 31, 2013 the Organization had no temporarily restricted net assets.

Permanently restricted net assets – Permanently restricted net assets result from contributions whose use is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that neither expire by the passage of time nor can be fulfilled or otherwise removed by the Board's actions. As of December 31, 2013, the Organization had no permanently restricted net assets.

Contributions

Contributions are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restriction.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contributed Services and Facilities

The board of directors and volunteers donate significant amounts of time to the various operations of the Organizations. Donated personal services of volunteers are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements because they do not meet the criteria for recording.

Under terms of the Racing Agreement, the entities making up the combined group are permitted to use office space and the tack shop office located in the administration building of Parx Racing at no cost. This includes use of all common utilities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Organizations consider all unrestricted highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. The Organizations place their cash in high credit quality institutions.

PTHA and TFH maintain cash accounts at various financial institutions. Balances on deposit are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to specified limits. Balances in excess of FDIC limits are uninsured. Total cash deposits held were \$1,030,064 at December 31, 2013.

Restricted cash represents statutory funds held under the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund and are restricted by statute as to their use.

Accounts Receivable and Reserve for Uncollectible Receivables

Accounts receivable is stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. The Organizations use the allowance method for potential uncollectible amounts. A reserve was established totaling \$5,000 for potential uncollectible amounts for the sale of horse supplies and equipment. No amounts were written off in 2013.

Investments

The Organizations' investments are carried at market value, as estimated by the most recent published sources as of the last business day of the year. Unless explicitly restricted by donor stipulation or by law, realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported in the statement of activities as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets.

Inventory

Horse supplies are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is computed using the average method. Inventory is valued at \$173,096 for the year ended December 31, 2013.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equipment and Furnishings

Equipment and furnishings are stated at cost if purchased, and at estimated fair market value at date of donation, if donated. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line and declining balance methods over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged against operations as incurred; expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized in accordance with the Organizations' capitalization policies. A summary of the estimated useful lives is as follows:

Vehicles 5 to 7 years
Storage trailers and related equipment 7 years
Office equipment and furniture 3 to 10 years

Functional Expense Allocation Method

Functional expenses are allocated based on: (1) actual direct time spent and cost incurred by program and supporting service; (2) direct costs associated with each program or supporting service; and (3) division of common area costs among program and supporting services according to utilization of a common distribution base.

Income Taxes

PTHA, HPA, and TFH were organized under the Pennsylvania Nonprofit Corporation Law of 1972 and, as such, are exempt from state income taxes. PTHA and TFH have been granted tax exempt status by the Internal Revenue Service under Section 501(c)(6) and 501(c)(3), respectively, of the Internal Revenue Code. HPA is subject to income tax for federal purposes only. The PTHA BT is a Pennsylvania trust subject to federal and state income taxes.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the organizations account for uncertain tax positions, if any, as required. Using that guidance, management has determined that there are no uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Tax years 2010 and forward remain open for examination by the applicable taxing authorities.

NOTE 2 – PROGRAM SERVICES

Services are provided through the following programs:

Horsemen's Advocacy Program - represents the common business interests between horsemen (horse owners, trainers, their employees, and independent contractors) who race at Parx Racing and management of Parx Racing (Bensalem Racing Association, Inc. and Keystone Turk Club, Inc.). The program also promotes thoroughbred racing and improvements in the thoroughbred racing industry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

NOTE 2 – PROGRAM SERVICES (CONTINUED)

Horse Supplies Program - purchases and sells feed, bedding, and other commodities and services to members of PTHA.

Backstretch Social Program - provides social programs for members and their employees of PTHA.

Backstretch Healthcare Program - provides welfare benefits for members and their employees of PTHA.

Thoroughbred Horse Retirement Program - provides care for thoroughbred horses that can no longer race, due to injury or lack of ability. The program provides a humane and dignified retirement for thoroughbred horses through rehabilitation, including veterinary care and surgery, and adoption to approved homes.

NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED PENNSYLVANIA RACE HORSE DEVELOPMENT FUND ACTIVITY

The PRDF Division of the PTHA distributes the funds received by PARX Racetrack's Horsemen's Association in accordance with Sections 1405 and 1406 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes Title 4 Amusements (the "Statute") and the PA Fiscal Code, an act of 1929 as amended.

The funds received are required to be disbursed for purses, an Act 71 mandated annual contribution to the jockey association at Parx Racing, and pension and health benefits for the members of the PTHA. An allowance for reasonable administrative expenses is permitted.

Statutory funds receivable consist of Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund allocations for daily assessments that are due to the PTHA - PRDF Division. Payments of the assessment are statutorily required and are expected to be collected in full. At December 31, 2013, the statutory funds receivable was \$2,113,636. This balance represent the gross terminal revenue allocation ("GTR") due from the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund for PTHA - PRDF Division's share of GTR generated at Category I and Category II casinos throughout Pennsylvania and amounts due from participants for health and pension co-pays. Approximately 35 percent of total revenues and support for the year ending December 31, 2013 is from this allocation.

NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED PENNSYLVANIA RACE HORSE DEVELOPMENT FUND ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

Below is a summary of the activity for the year ending December 31, 2013:

Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Funds held ("PRHDF"), January 1, 2013	\$	1,315,897
Plus funds and earnings received:		
Purse payments		42,312,865
Contractual Arrangement		1,308,645
Health and life insurance benefits		2,922,528
Interest income		17,684
Less funds allocated for legislated purposes:		
Purse payments		43,667,712
Contractual payments		1,308,645
Health and life insurance benefits		1,910,587
Pension expenses incurred		588,528
Administrative expenses		152,147
Jockey Association		250,000
Decrease in PRHDF funds held during December 31, 2013		(1,315,897)
Decrease in PRHDF funds held during December 31, 2013 Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013	\$	(1,315,897)
	\$	(1,315,897) -
Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013	<u>\$</u> \$	(1,315,897) - 3,554,773
Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013 Related assets:		-
Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013 Related assets: Restricted cash		3,554,773
Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013 Related assets: Restricted cash Statutory funds receivable		3,554,773 2,113,636
Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013 Related assets: Restricted cash Statutory funds receivable Prepaid expenses		3,554,773 2,113,636
Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013 Related assets: Restricted cash Statutory funds receivable Prepaid expenses Less other related liabilities:		3,554,773 2,113,636 4,300
Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013 Related assets: Restricted cash Statutory funds receivable Prepaid expenses Less other related liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued employee and trainers pension fund Accrued purse payouts		3,554,773 2,113,636 4,300 23,504 445,224 5,003,342
Total PRHDF funds held, December 31, 2013 Related assets: Restricted cash Statutory funds receivable Prepaid expenses Less other related liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued employee and trainers pension fund		3,554,773 2,113,636 4,300 23,504 445,224

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Investments as of December 31, 2013 consist of corporate bonds totaling \$274,626.

The market value and cost of bonds by contracted maturity dates at December 31, 2013 is shown below:

	Market				
	Value			Cost	
Due in less than 1 year	\$	274,626	\$	272,382	
Investment income activity is as follows at December 31, 2013:					
Interest income Realized loss Unrealized gain			\$	20,346 (15,031) 2,289	
Total			\$	7,604	

Generally accepted accounting principles establish a framework for measuring fair value. The primary effect of fair value measurement on the Organizations was to expand the required disclosures pertaining to the methods used to determine fair values.

That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements), and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under generally accepted accounting principles are described below:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

Corporate Bonds are held by an independent investment advisor and are valued at the quoted market value in an active market for identical assets.

PTHA's investments in corporate bonds of \$274,626 are categorized as Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2013.

NOTE 5 - IRREVOCABLE STANDBY LETTERS OF CREDIT

On January 11, 2013, the Organization entered into an agreement for an irrevocable standby letter of credit from a financial institution in the amount of \$4,000,000 to secure funds in excess of federally insured amounts, which expired on April 11, 2013, and an extension was provided through July 11, 2013. On October 3, 2013, the Organization entered into an agreement for an irrevocable standby letter of credit from a financial institution in the amount of \$5,000,000 to secure funds in excess of federally insured amounts, which expired on January 7, 2014, and an extension of this agreement was provided through April 8, 2014, at which time it was not renewed. On November 28, 2014 the Organization entered into an agreement for an irrevocable standby letter of credit from a financial institution in the amount of \$4,500,000 to secure funds in excess of federally insured amounts, which expires on December 19, 2014.

NOTE 6 – LIVE RACING AGREEMENT

PTHA entered into a live racing agreement with Keystone Turf Club, Inc. and Bensalem Racing Association, Inc. (operating as Parx Racing) effective September 4, 2004. The agreement is set to expire on December 31, 2018. As outlined in the agreement, purse monies received shall be allocated as follows:

- Ninety percent (90%) of purses shall be allocated to overnights.
- Seven percent (7%) of purses shall be applied to stake races.
- Three percent (3%) of purses shall be paid to PTHA to support member activity.

NOTE 7 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The President of the Association is a partner in a law firm representing PTHA, however, this individual has no voting rights and abstains from all discussions regarding legal fees paid to the firm. Legal expenses incurred by the PTHA for the years ending December 31, 2013 were \$234,182 and were entirely related to the law firm that the President is a partner in. Of this amount, \$6,698 is reflected as a reduction of the PRDF liabilities account, and \$227,484 is included in professional fees as paid from Association of funds. As of December 31, 2013, unpaid legal fees to this firm totaled \$5,626.

NOTE 8 – BENEFIT PLANS

Act 71 Pennsylvania Gaming Law mandates that a portion of the slot revenue be utilized for pension benefits. As a result, on December 2, 2009, the board of directors of PTHA approved two pension plans for the benefit of the trainers and the employees of PTHA. The Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association Trainers' Retirement Plan and the Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association Employees' Retirement Plan were approved by the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board and adopted by the Organization on March 1, 2010.

Trainers' Retirement Plan

Effective December 1, 2011, the board of directors of PTHA approved to amend the eligibility requirements of the Plan as follows:

Trainers will be eligible to participate in the defined contribution non-qualified pension plan if they meet one of the following criteria: has twenty starts during the calendar year or the prior calendar year, provided that 65 percent of such trainer's total annual starts for that year are at PARX Racing; has 100 starts during the calendar year or the prior calendar year; or has a full barn at PARX Racing. In the event one of the three criteria is met, the PRDF will contribute an approved dollar amount per start into each participant's account. The Plan has a five-year vesting schedule and distributions would be made upon the participant obtaining the age of 65, becoming disabled, or death.

The Organization accrued the funding of the Plan for 2013 for trainers that met the criteria stated above for the year ended December 31, 2013, and contributions were made as follows: Trainers aged 55 and over received \$40 per eligible start; and trainers under age 55 received \$30 per eligible start. Total contributions made to the Plan from the PRHDF on behalf of the eligible participants was \$420,998 for the year ending December 31, 2013.

Employees' Retirement Plan

Eligible employees of the Organizations may participate in an ERISA, nondiscrimination qualified 401(k) plan. To be eligible to participate, an employee must have one year of service with the Organization and attained the age of 21. Under the Plan, the PRDF may contribute a discretionary nonelective contribution. Total contributions made to the Plan for employees from the PRHDF for the year ended December 31, 2013 were \$42,284.

Total contributions to pension plans from PRHDF for the year ended December 31, 2013 were \$463,282.

NOTE 9 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management evaluated subsequent events through December 9, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events or transactions occurring after December 31, 2013, but prior to December 9, 2014, that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at December 31, 2013, have been recognized in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. Events or transactions that provided evidence about conditions that did not exist at December 31, 2013, but arose before the financial statements were available to be issued, have not been recognized in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Supplemental Information – State Residence of Health & Welfare Plan Beneficiaries

CLA presents information regarding the state residences of PTHA's members who participate in its health and welfare plans. For the same reasons we have noted in the past, this information has no proper place in the audit report. The inclusion of the "Members By State" has no possible relevance and is misleading. Entry in one race qualifies a horseman as a "member" of the PTHA but does not render the horseman eligible for health and welfare benefits. The eligibility requirements exist to ensure that only horsemen with an active and substantial business presence in Pennsylvania receive benefits. As such, the "Membership by State" information should be removed.

This is also true with respect to the inclusion of information depicting the state residences of those PTHA members who receive health and welfare benefits. We do not understand the purpose or meaning of including this information, which is not otherwise explained or related in any apparent way to the PRDF audit required by the Fiscal Code. The fact that certain PTHA members who receive health and welfare benefits funded by PRDF distributions may happen to reside outside of Pennsylvania is irrelevant to not only the requirements of Act 71, but also to the significant economic activity in Pennsylvania generated by these business people. Again, PTHA's eligibility criteria require significant activities in Pennsylvania. These trainers' businesses have employees and consume goods and services like other Pennsylvania businesses. To the extent that the trainers (or their employees) who receive health and welfare benefits are analogized to persons who receive such benefits in other industries, they are no different than the thousands of persons who are employed by private businesses or public agencies located in Pennsylvania but who happen to live in a neighboring state such as New Jersey, New York, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia or Ohio. Where the horse resides, rather than the owner or trainer, is important. The horse truly is the "jobs creator" for the Commonwealth, and horsemen who receive benefits are eligible to do so because their horses are creating those jobs in Pennsylvania.

Again, this is not the first time this issue has been raised in the context of a Fiscal Code audit. Two years ago, after M&A refused to delete similar information from its draft report, M&A acknowledged during the exit interview that this information is completely unrelated to the scope of the audit of PRDF funds as required by the Fiscal Code, and that M&A included the information based solely on the express instruction of the Office of the Budget. Last year, CLA refused to respond to our comments or explain why this information is included.

Accordingly, we request that these pages be removed from the report. (We have no objection to the pages which depict the eligibility criteria or the benefits recipients by category.) If CLA insists on including this information, we request that CLA state the reasons for its inclusion, including whether the Office of the Budget has instructed so. At a minimum, if this information is to be presented in the final report over PTHA's objection, we request that our full comments in this regard be included given the prejudice which may result from a false interpretation that Act 71 funds are somehow "leaving Pennsylvania" without benefitting the Pennsylvania economy.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION December, 31 2013

	_	PTHA		НРА	_	PTHA BT		TFH		PRDF		Total
ASSETS												
CURRENT ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	624,728	\$	107,726	\$	18,610	\$	269,344	\$	-	\$	1,020,408
Trade accounts receivable		9,961		4,080		11,750		-		-		25,791
Other receivables		60,292		9,902		-		7,695		-		77,889
Inventory		-		173,096		-		-		-		173,096
Prepaid expenses		42,369		1,888		13,500		-		-		57,757
Interfund activities	_	695,087		(292,385)	_	(402,702)						-
Total current assets	_	1,432,437	_	4,307	_	(358,842)		277,039		<u> </u>		1,354,941
INVESTMENTS		274,626	_		_				_		_	274,626
RESTRICTED DEVELOPMENT FUND ASSETS												
Restricted cash		-		-		-		-		3,554,773		3,554,773
Statutory funds receivable		-		-		-		-		2,113,636		2,113,636
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-				4,300		4,300
Total Pennsylvania Race Horse												
Development Fund assets		-	_		_	-		-	_	5,672,709	_	5,672,709
EQUIPMENT AND FURNISHINGS												
Cemetery lots		2,410		-		-		-		-		2,410
Vehicles		114,696		_		_		_		_		114,696
Storage trailers and related equipment		-		71,075		-		-		-		71,075
Office equipment and furniture		98,968		22,917		-		-		-		121,885
Less: accumulated depreciation		(191,588)	_	(72,808)				-				(264,396)
Net equipment and furnishings	_	24,486	_	21,184	_							45,670
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,731,549	\$	25,491	\$	(358,842)	\$	277,039	\$	5,672,709	\$	7,347,946
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS												
CURRENT LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	63,184	\$	15,966	\$	39,174		1,955	\$	-	\$	120,279
Customer deposits		-		26,012		-		-		-		26,012
Due to Philadelphia Park		158,404		-		-		-		-		158,404
Accrued payroll		18,157		9,664		-		-		-		27,821
Other accrued expenses	_	1,500	_	3,000	_	19,339	_				_	23,839
Total current liabilities		241,245		54,642	_	58,513	_	1,955				356,355
PENNSYLVANIA RACE HORSE DEVELOPMENT												
FUND LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		23,504		23,504
Accrued employee and trainers pension funds		-		-		-		-		445,224		445,224
Accrued purse payouts		-		-		-		-		5,003,342		5,003,342
Other accrued expenses		-		-		-		-		200,639		200,639
Total Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund		_		_		_		_		5,672,709		5,672,709
Total liabilities		241,245	_	54,642	_	58,513	_	1,955		5,672,709		6,029,064
NET ASSETS												
Unrestricted		1,490,304		(29,151)		(417,355)		275,084		-		1,318,882
	Ś	1,731,549	\$	25,491	\$	(358,842)	\$	277,039	\$	5,672,709	\$	7,347,946
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Y	1,, 31,373	7	23,731	Y	(333,042)	Y	277,000	7	3,0,2,103	7	. ,5 17,540

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended December 31, 2013

	РТНА	НРА	РТНА ВТ	TFH	Total
UNRESTRICTED REVENUES AND SUPPORT					
Shares of wagering - per Live Racing					
Agreement	\$ 1,488,769	\$ -	\$ 180,125	\$ -	\$ 1,668,894
Contributions	-	-	-	362,228	362,228
Fundraising, net of direct expenses	-	-	-	6,290	6,290
Sale of merchandise	-	2,745,974	-	-	2,745,974
Interest Horsemen's funds - Philadelphia					
Park	12,227	-	-	-	12,227
Broadcasting income	12,400	-	-	-	12,400
Miscellaneous income	8,165	139	-	15,420	23,724
Interest income	19,938	-	1	407	20,346
Realized and unrealized loss on investments	(12,742)				(12,742)
Total unrestricted revenues and support	1,528,757	2,746,113	180,126	384,345	4,839,341
EXPENSES					
Program services:					
Horsemen's Advocacy Program	1,780,028	-	-	-	1,780,028
Horse Supplies Program	-	2,653,405	-	-	2,653,405
Backstretch Social Programs	-	-	106,139	-	106,139
Backstretch Healthcare Programs	-	-	147,572	-	147,572
Thoroughbred Horse Retirement Program				392,217	392,217
Total program services	1,780,028	2,653,405	253,711	392,217	5,079,361
Management and general	96,353	18,870	501	26,946	142,670
Fundraising			2,250	(1,663)	587
Total expenses	1,876,381	2,672,275	256,462	417,500	5,222,618
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS	(347,624)	73,838	(76,336)	(33,155)	(383,277)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,837,932	(102,991)	(341,020)	308,239	1,702,160
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,490,308	\$ (29,153)	\$ (417,356)	\$ 275,084	\$ 1,318,883

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended December 31, 2013

	 PTHA		НРА	PTHA BT	TFH	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Change in net assets	\$ (347,624)	\$	73,838	\$ (76,336) \$	(31,200) \$	(381,322)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating						
activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	9,260		3,470	-	-	12,730
Realized and unrealized loss on investments	12,742		-	-	-	12,742
Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable	10.704		24.250	(44.750)	(2.477)	10 127
Inventory	10,704		21,350 (22,502)	(11,750)	(2,177)	18,127 (22,502)
Prepaid expenses	- 751		(22,502)	(1,500)	-	(886)
Accounts payable	(133,508)		3,399	38,408	(2,100)	(93,801)
Due to Philadelphia Park	29,108		-	-	(2,100)	29,108
Customer deposits	-		(13,593)	_	_	(13,593)
Accrued payroll	3,803		1,133	-	_	4,936
Other accrued expenses	(52,692)		2,326	(1,126)	1	(51,491)
Interfund activity	 (42,184)		(223)	 47,582	(5,175)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating						
activities	 (509,640)		69,061	 (4,722)	(40,651)	(485,952)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of equipment and furnishings	(271)		-	-	-	(271)
Sale of investments, net	 75,774			 		75,774
Net cash provided by operating activities	 75,503	-	-	 <u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	75,503
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(434,137)		69,061	(4,722)	(40,651)	(410,449)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 1,058,865		38,665	 23,332	309,995	1,430,857
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 624,728	\$	107,726	\$ 18,610 \$	269,344 \$	1,020,408

PENNSYLVANIA RACE HORSE DEVELOPMENT FUND





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association Bensalem, Pennsylvania

Secretary
Pennsylvania Office of the Budget

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the combined financial statements of the Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association (the Association), which comprise the combined statement of financial position as of December 31, 2013, and the related combined statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the combined financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2014. Our report includes reference to another auditor who audited the financial statements of the PRDF funds, as described in our report on the Association's financial statements. The financial statements of the PRDF funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the combined financial statements, we considered the Association's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the combined financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in



internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2013-001 through 2013-003 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Association's combined financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Response to Findings

The Association's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Association's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Association's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baltimore, Maryland December 9, 2014

Mifton Larson Allen LLP





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON PENNSYLVANIA RACE HORSE DEVELOPMENT FUNDS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE WITH THE PENNSYLVANIA HORSE DEVELOPMENT AND GAMING ACT

Board of Directors Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association Bensalem, Pennsylvania

Secretary
Pennsylvania Office of the Budget

Report on Compliance

We have audited the Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association's (the Association) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in Chapter 436a of the Pennsylvania Horse Development and Gaming Act that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Association's Race Horse Development Funds for the year ended December 31, 2013. The Association's Race Horse Development Funds are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to Race Horse Development Funds.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Association based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards and Chapter 436a of Pennsylvania Horse Development and Gaming Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Race Horse Development Funds occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Association's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for Race Horse Development Funds. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Association's compliance.



Opinion

In our opinion, the Association complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Race Horse Development Funds for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 436a and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2013-002 and 2013-003. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

The Association's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Association's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Association is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Association's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the Race Horse Development Funds to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the Race Horse Development Funds and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Pennsylvania Horse Development and Gaming Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the Race Horse Development Funds on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of Race Horse Development Funds that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2013-002 and 2013-003 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The Association's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Association's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the result of that testing based on the requirements of the Pennsylvania Horse Development and Gaming Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland December 9, 2014

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN ESCROW BALANCES

Period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013

Contractual

	_	Purses	Aı	rrangement		Benefits		Total
CASH RECEIPTS								
Gaming funds - cash receipts	\$	42,312,865	\$	1,308,645	\$	2,922,528	\$	46,544,038
Interest earned		5,365		-		12,319		17,684
Total cash receipts		42,318,230		1,308,645	_	2,934,847		46,561,722
CASH DISBURSEMENTS								
Purse disbursements - Parx		(43,667,712)		-		-		(43,667,712)
Contractual disbursements		-		(1,308,645)		_		(1,308,645)
Health & welfare benefit disbursements		-		-		(2,749,115)		(2,749,115)
Administrative disbursements				-		(152,147)		(152,147)
Total cash disbursements	_	(43,667,712)		(1,308,645)		(2,901,262)	_	(47,877,619)
CHANGES IN ESCROW BALANCES		(1,349,482)		-		33,585		(1,315,897)
ESCROW BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2013		(1,093,498)	_		_	2,409,395	_	1,315,897
ESCROW BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2013	\$	(2,442,980)	\$		\$	2,442,980	\$	
RECONCILIATION TO AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS								
Gaming funds, as reported above	\$	42,312,865	\$	1,308,645	\$	2,922,528	\$	46,544,038
Gaming funds, as reported in Note 3 to the audited financial statements	\$	42,312,865	\$	1,308,645	\$	2,922,528	\$	46,544,038
Purse payments, as reported above	\$	(43,667,712)	\$	(1,308,645)	\$		\$	(44,976,357)
Purse payments, as reported in Note 3 to the audited financial statements	\$	(43,667,712)	\$	(1,308,645)	\$		\$	(44,976,357)
Health and welfare benefit payments, as reported above	\$		\$		\$	(2,901,262)	\$	(2,901,262)
Health and welfare benefit payments, as reported in Note 3 to the audited financial statements	\$		\$		\$	(2,901,262)	<u>\$</u>	(2,901,262)

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES December 31, 2013

	Date	Amount	Description
PTHA, Inc.	07/31/2013 \$	14,972	Accounting fees
PTHA, Inc.	12/20/2013	4,815	Accounting fees
Monthly accrual	01/12/2013	2,663	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	02/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	03/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	04/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	05/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	06/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	07/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	08/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	09/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	10/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	11/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Monthly accrual	12/12/2013	1,667	Audit fee accrual
Bank Services Charges	Total for 2013	520	Bank Service Charges
Simon, Edward G.	01/01/2013	6,400	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	02/01/2013	3,850	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	03/01/2013	3,550	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	04/06/2013	4,650	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	05/07/2013		Consultant
•	05/07/2013	3,700	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	06/30/2013	3,800	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.		4,000	
Simon, Edward G.	07/31/2013	4,450	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	09/01/2013	4,300	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	09/30/2013	4,600	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	10/31/2013	4,600	Consultant
Simon, Edward G.	11/30/2013	4,350	Consultant
ATR, Inc.	01/20/2013	4,000	c-Pension Administration exp
ATR, Inc.	01/20/2013	3,000	c-Pension Administration exp
ATR, Inc.	07/19/2013	310	c-Pension Administration exp
ATR, Inc.	09/09/2013	200	c-Pension Administration exp
ATR, Inc.	11/26/2013	200	c-Pension Administration exp
ATR, Inc.	12/10/2013	600	c-Pension Administration exp
ATR, Inc.	12/20/2013	100	c-Pension Administration exp
Brisnet	02/16/2013	100	c-Pension Administration exp
Penn Department of Agriculture	07/31/2013	23,384	Department of Agr-Audit
Penn Department of Agriculture	08/01/2013	3,333	Department of Agr-Audit
Penn Department of Agriculture	09/06/2013	3,333	Department of Agr-Audit
Penn Department of Agriculture	09/06/2013	3,333	Department of Agr-Audit
Penn Department of Agriculture	10/06/2013	3,333	Department of Agr-Audit
Penn Department of Agriculture	11/06/2013	3,333	Department of Agr-Audit
Penn Department of Agriculture	12/06/2013	3,333	Department of Agr-Audit
Archer & Greiner	01/31/2013	475	Legal
Archer & Greiner	02/28/2013	428	Legal
Archer & Greiner	08/31/2013	95	Legal
Archer & Greiner	10/31/2013	2,250	Legal
Archer & Greiner	11/30/2013 _	3,450	Legal
Administrative Expenses at December 31, 2013	<u>\$</u>	152,147	

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN ESCROW BALANCES December 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Statement of Racing Fund Cash Receipts and Disbursements includes the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund activity of the Pennsylvania Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association (the Association) and is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with Chapter 436a of the Pennsylvania Horse Development and Gaming Act, and fiscal code (72 P.S. § 1701-O). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 – FLOW OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RACE HORSE DEVELOPMENT FUNDS

The Pennsylvania Department of Revenue transfers Pennsylvania Racehorse Development Funds to the casinos on a weekly basis. Approximately two weeks after the Casino has received the Pennsylvania Racehorse Development Funds, amounts are wired to the Association into their Pennsylvania Racehorse Development Fund Division.

The Funds are wired into a clearing account at the Association. From this account, management of the Association transmits the Pennsylvania Racehorse Development Funds info four (4) separate accounts:

- Purses- Overnight
- Purses- Stakes
- Contractual Agreement
- Health and Benefit

A statistician contracted by the Association sends an email to the Association staff indicating the amounts of funds to transfer to PARX Racing each week for the various purses paid. The Association also receives an email from the racetrack officials stating how much money is needed each week for purses. The Association compares the two before the monies are sent. Health and welfare disbursements are made directly by the Association based on the invoices received.

Management of the Association determines the portion of the Race Horse Development Funds to transfer to PARX Racing for purse purposes based on an estimate provided by PARX Racing. The frequency of purse payments is dependent on the established racing schedules. The Association maintains schedules detailing all purse fund payments. The purse payments are reconciled to the actual purses paid by PARX Racing by both PARX Racing and the Association's consultants. Health disbursements are made directly to the carriers based on invoiced amounts.

NOTE 3 – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

The findings and questioned costs identified in connection with the 2013 audit report are disclosed in Schedule II.

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2013

I. Summary of Independent Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness?	X	_ Yes		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements n	oted?	Yes	X	No
Pennsylvania Racehorse Development Fund Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness?	X	Yes		None reported

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2013

II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding Reference: 2013-001

Description: Segregation of Duties

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control

Condition/Context

The Association may not have sufficient controls to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis as a result of a lack of segregation of duties. This condition increases the possibility that errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected on a timely basis. Due to the small number of people employed in administrative functions, the Association may not be able to fully achieve ideal segregation of duties. We understand that management and the board provide close oversight and review of accounting information are the best means available to prevent or detect errors or irregularities.

Criteria

The Internal Control Integrated Framework (COSO report) requires adequate internal controls over segregation of duties to ensure that transactions are properly recorded and reduce the risk that errors will be undetected.

Cause

This is a result of the level of staffing maintained by the Association.

Effect

An increased risk that error or inconsistencies may occur and not be detected.

Recommendation

We recommend management and the board continue to provide close oversight and review of financial information.

Management's Response

For precisely the same reasons noted last year, PTHA objects to any suggestion that it lacks adequate internal controls due to staffing levels. The "effect" noted by CLA — "[a]n increased risk of error or inconsistencies" — still has not actually occurred, and no errors or inconsistencies have been reported by CLA or its predecessors. PTHA and its Board does provide "close oversight and review of financial information," and CLA's recommendation unfairly implies that it does not. This "Finding" is purely subjective and unreasonably prejudicial — particularly in light of the fact that we have objected to this in the past — and should be removed. It has no place in this statutory audit in the absence of any specific negative findings.

Additional Considerations

The client's response addresses the fact that nothing has occurred; however, the reason for the finding was to highlight that conditions exist that could present a problem at some time in the future.

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2013

III. Racehorse Development Fund Findings

Finding Reference: 2013-002

Description: Related Party Transactions

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Compliance

Condition/Context

The president of the Association is a partner in the law firm representing PTHA to which fees were paid. Total fees paid to this firm were \$234,182 in 2013.

Criteria

Per PA Fiscal Code, an act of 1929 as amended, "Funds allocated to horsemen's organizations for benevolent programs must be kept separate and apart from funds acquired from other sources and may not be used for the personal benefit of any representative or fiduciary of a horsemen's organization except to the extent that the representative or fiduciary is a participant in the benevolent programs on the same basis as other eligible program participants." Per PA Fiscal Code, an act of 1929 as amended, the Association is required to carry out their duties in a prudent manner and refrain from conflict-of-interest transactions.

Cause

This is a result of payment of legal fees from the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Funds to a law firm that employs a Board member of the Association. This presents the appearance of personal benefit received from this relationship.

Effect

Noncompliance with Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund regulations §.436a.4 and the PA Fiscal Code.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Association implement procedures to refrain from conflict-of-interest transactions. This could be achieved by Mr. DeBunda no longer acting as a representative/fiduciary of the association and/or establishing stronger internal controls over the procurement of its legal representation.

Management's Response

CLA notes that because Salvatore M. DeBunda, Esquire, the President of PTHA, also is a partner in Archer & Greiner, P.C. ("A&G"), a law firm which represents PTHA for fees, this "presents the appearance of [a] personal benefit received from this relationship. CLA thus concludes that PTHA has violated Pennsylvania Code Section 436a.4, which prohibits PRDF funds from being used "for the personal benefit of any representative or fiduciary of a horsemen's organization...."

While PTHA does not object to a notation of the facts regarding Mr. DeBunda's status at both PTHA and A&G, which are not disputed and are fully disclosed by PTHA, there is no basis for the express accusation in this Finding that this constitutes some legal or ethical violation. First, this is purely a legal judgment which is not within the scope of CLA's review or expertise. Further, CLA's suggestion of only an "appearance of a conflict of interest" is incongruous with CLA's unqualified statement of a legal conclusion that PTHA somehow violated Section 436a.5 of the Regulations. Belying any suggestion that PTHA is violating the law, there has been no claim against PTHA on this basis, nor could there be based on the facts which are omitted from the report. As CLA knows, A&G and its predecessor, Pelino & Lentz, P.C. (which merged with A&G on

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2013

January 1, 2009), has represented PTHA for many years, long preceding Act 71 (often also referred to as the Gaming Act) and long preceding Mr. DeBunda's tenure as PTHA's President. A&G has a breadth of experience dealing with equine law matters and valuable working relationships across the industry, including with the Racing Commission. This is demonstrated by the fact that A&G has represented other horsemen's organizations and individual horsemen unrelated to PTHA. Moreover, A&G does not bill PTHA for any professional services rendered by Mr. DeBunda. PTHA's members have elected Mr. DeBunda to serve to lead the organization with full knowledge of his status at A&G, and he has done so diligently and faithfully. CLA's "Finding" of unlawful conduct unfairly taints both A&G and Mr. DeBunda, and there is no basis for CLA's implicit suggestion that either Mr. DeBunda resign as PTHA's President or PTHA no longer engage A&G as counsel.

Nor is there even an appearance of any prohibited conflict of interest. PTHA adopted a "Conflict of Interest Policy" as a result of similar comments raised in prior Fiscal Code PRDF audits. This Policy was provided to CLA last year. Mr. DeBunda has no vote on the PTHA Board (CLA incorrectly describes Mr. DeBunda as having "limited voting rights" in Note 7 to the Combined Financial Statements), even in the event of a tie at the Board level, and he abstains from all matters with respect to the payment of this firm's invoices (just as he abstained from such matters in his prior tenure as a PTHA Board member).

Just as we did last year, we request that this Finding, which is inflammatory and prejudicial, be completely removed from the report. If not removed, we request that CLA provide a thorough explanation for the conclusion that PTHA is not in compliance with the law, particularly in light of the facts that (a) this is not the first time PTHA has addressed this charge in detail and (b) CLA's predecessor, McKonly & Asbury ("M&A"), acknowledged the lack of basis for any suggestion of noncompliance based on the same facts. To the extent that purely legal judgments have any proper place in the audits required by the Fiscal Code – which PTHA vigorously denies – the judgments expressed should be clearly articulated and consistent.

We also request that, if any aspect of this Finding is to remain in the final report, the reference to the specific amount of legal fees paid by PTHA to A&G be deleted. As presented, this information is meaningless and highly prejudicial. At a minimum, to place the total amount in context, the report should include (a) an acknowledgment that all payments were made pursuant to A&G invoices which detailed the time spent on all professional services rendered and (b) a thorough review of the significant matters for which A&G was retained. We also request that this Finding include a clear statement that Mr. DeBunda has no voting rights and abstains from all matters relating to the payment of A&G's invoices.

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2013

Finding Reference: 2013-003

Description: Comingling of Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Funds

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Compliance

Condition/Context

The Association allocates 3% of purse monies of the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund under the terms of a live racing agreement to the Association for general uses (known as contractual agreement funds). Those disbursements are for purposes other than purses. This is inconsistent with current code which requires this type of activity to be kept separate.

Criteria

Per PA Code 436.a.5, fiduciaries shall ensure that the funds received for the benefit of the horsemen are distributed pursuant to the act. Per 4 PA.C.S.A . §1406(a)(2.1)(iii), Eighty-three and one-third percent of the money to be distributed under this clause shall be deposited on a weekly basis into a separate, interest-bearing purse accounts to be established by and for the benefit of the horsemen. The earned interest on the account shall be credited to the purse account. Licensees shall combine these funds with revenues from existing purse agreements to fund purses for live races consistent with those agreements with the advice and consent of the horsemen.

Cause

The Association has entered into a Live Racing Agreement that is not in compliance with Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund disbursement and distribution requirements.

Effect

Noncompliance with Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund distribution regulations.

Recommendation

We recommend management amend the Live Racing Agreement to ensure compliance with State requirements.

Management's Response

CLA states that PTHA is not in compliance with PRDF "distribution regulations" because 3% of purse monies are allocated to fund PTHA pursuant to the live racing agreement with the operator. PTHA strongly disagrees with this legal conclusion, which CLA continues to assert without any justification.

In fact, Act 71 reflects a legislative endorsement of the horsemen's collective, voluntary and private decision to fund their designated statutory representative through a percentage of the purses they win -- a decision which has been negotiated with and agreed to by the licensees, as embodied in the Live Racing Agreements. This is precisely why Act 71 states that "Licensees shall combine these [PRDF] funds with revenues from existing purse agreements to fund purses for live races consistent with those agreements with the advice and consent of the horsemen." 4 Pa.C.S.A. § 1406(a)(1)(i). There is no contrary authority in Act 71 or the applicable regulations, and CLA does not provide any.

Again, this is not the first time this issue has been addressed in the context of a Fiscal Code audit. This same issue was first vetted and resolved in the context of the PRDF audit conducted pursuant to the Fiscal Code for the year ending December 31, 2010, under the auspices of the Department of Agriculture. Specifically responding after the Fiscal Code auditors raised this same issue (and addressing the details of PTHA's Live

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2013

Racing Agreement), we noted: "[T]he 3% of PRDF-originated purse revenues, which PTHA's members voluntarily agree to use to fund the operations of the organization, are akin to membership dues, and not distributions to PTHA from PRDF." The Department of Agriculture and the auditors agreed that there is no violation of Act 71 -- there was no reference to this whatsoever in the Fiscal Code audit report for the year ended December 31, 2010.

M&A nonetheless raised the same issue during the Fiscal Code audit for the year ended December 31, 2011, and refused to delete their finding of a violation in response to PTHA's objection. When pressed during the exit interview, M&A agreed that this was a legal judgment, that there is conflicting authority on which PTHA relies and, worse, that M&A only included this "finding" based on an instruction by counsel for the Office of the Budget.

Last year, CLA raised this same issue without addressing the substance of our objection.

It is telling that there has been no claim or other action taken against PTHA based on this purported violation of Act 71, even though it has been alleged in multiple statutory audit reports that are prepared and distributed pursuant to the Fiscal Code. This Finding should be removed from the report. If CLA refuses to remove this Finding, we request that CLA provide legal authority for the statement that PTHA is in violation of the law and, if this Finding has been included at the instruction of the Office of the Budget, that CLA so state. The Fiscal Code requires that the Office of the Budget engage independent accountants to perform these audits. If any aspect of CLA's report reflects a determination or instruction by the Office of the Budget, it is critical that this is plainly disclosed. Supplemental Information – State Residence of Health & Welfare Plan Beneficiaries

Additional Considerations

A separate bank account as contemplated by Act 71 was not noted during the audit.

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2012

Finding Reference: 2012-001

Description: Segregation of Duties

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control

Condition/Context

The Association does not have controls to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis as a result of a lack of segregation of duties. This condition increases the possibility that errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected on a timely basis. Due to the small number of people employed in administrative functions, the Association may not be able to fully achieve ideal segregation of duties. Currently, management's and the board's close oversight and review of accounting information are the best means available to prevent or detect errors or irregularities.

Criteria

The Internal Control Integrated Framework (COSO report) requires adequate internal controls over segregation of duties to ensure that transactions are properly recorded and reduce the risk that errors will be undetected.

Cause

This is a result of the level of staffing maintained by the Association.

Effect

An increased risk that error or inconsistencies may occur and not be detected.

Recommendation

We recommend management and the board provide close oversight and review of financial information.

Current Year Status:

Not corrected – refer to 2013-001 for current year finding.

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2012

Finding Reference: 2012-002

Description: Related Party Transactions

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Compliance

Condition/Context

The president of the Association is a partner in the law firm representing PTHA to which fees were paid. Total fees paid to this firm were \$355,715 in 2012.

Criteria

Per PA Code 436.a.4., "Funds allocated to horsemen's organizations for benevolent programs must be kept separate and apart from funds acquired from other sources and may not be used for the personal benefit of any representative or fiduciary of a horsemen's organization except to the extent that the representative or fiduciary is a participant in the benevolent programs on the same basis as other eligible program participants." Per PA Code 436.a.5, the Association is required to carry out their duties in a prudent manner and refrain from conflict-of-interest transactions.

Cause

This is a result of payment of legal fees from the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Funds to a law firm that employs a Board member of the Association. This presents the appearance of a conflict of interest. Although we believe there is ambiguity in the above code, the related party, as a partner in the law firm, does derive "personal benefit" from revenues earned by the firm. In addition, legal fees were not paid to a participant in the benevolent programs on the same basis as other program participants.

Effect

Noncompliance with Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund regulations §.436a.5.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Association implement procedures to refrain from conflict-of-interest transactions.

Current Year Status

Not corrected – refer to 2013-002 for current year finding.

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS December 31, 2012

Finding Reference: 2012-003

Description: Comingling of Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Funds

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Compliance

Condition/Context

The Association allocates 3% of purse monies of the Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund under the terms of a live racing agreement to the Association for general uses (known as contractual agreement funds). Those disbursements are for purposes other than purses which is inconsistent with current code which requires this type of activity to be kept separate.

Criteria

Per PA Code 436.a.5, fiduciaries shall ensure that the funds received for the benefit of the horsemen are distributed pursuant to the act. Per 4 PA.C.S.A . §1406(a)(2.1)(iii), Eighty-three and one-third percent of the money to be distributed under this clause shall be deposited on a weekly basis into a separate, interest bearing purse account to be established by and for the benefit of the horsemen. The earned interest on the account shall be credited to the purse account. Licensees shall combine these funds with revenues from existing purse agreements to fund purses for live races consistent with those agreements with the advice and consent of the horsemen.

Cause

The Association has entered into a Live Racing Agreement that is not in compliance with Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund disbursement and distribution requirements.

Effect

Noncompliance with Pennsylvania Race Horse Development Fund distribution regulations.

Current Year Status

Not corrected – refer to 2013-003 for current year finding.

MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION ELIGIBILITY FOR MEMBERSHIP, HEALTH AND PENSION PLANS December 31, 2013

Eligibility for Membership, Health, and Pension Plans

Eligibility requirements to become a Member of the Association:

- Any owner, owner-trainer, or trainer of a race horse who is currently licensed and in good standing
 as such with the Pennsylvania State Racing Commission, shall be eligible for membership in the
 Association.
- Any partnership, corporation or other association which is so licensed shall likewise be eligible for membership, provided, however, that any individual or entity who, directly or indirectly, owns the aggregate of less than one total race horse, shall not be eligible for membership regardless of licensing.

Eligibility requirements for Health Plan:

- Trainers with 20 starts during the year AND 65% of total starts are at PARX Racing.
- Trainers with 100 starts at PARX Racing.
- Any trainer with a full barn at PARX.
- Employees of the Association.

Eligibility requirements for Trainers Retirement Plan:

- Has Eligible Starts during the calendar year and 65% of total annual starts are at PARX Racing;
- Has 100 Eligible Starts during the calendar year at PARX Racing; and
- Has a Full Barn at PARX.

Eligibility requirements for Employee Retirement Plan

- Eligible employees who have completed one (1) year of services
- Attained the age of 21

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF MEMBERSHIP BY STATE December 31, 2013

State	Number of Members
PA	1,039
NJ	647
NY	490
DE	104
MA	91
CA	56
СТ	37
All others	129
TOTAL MEMBERS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	2,593

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF HEALTH PLAN PARTICIPANTS BY STATE December 31, 2013

State	Number of Participants
PA	88
NJ	19
NY	2
FL	2
DE	1
NH	4
TOTAL PARTICIPANTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	116

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF HEALTH PLAN PARTICIPANTS BY CATEGORY December 31, 2013

State	Number of Participants
Employee	11
Trainer	105
Assistant trainer	-
Employee-Trainer	<u>-</u> _
TOTAL PARTICIPANTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	116

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF RETIREMENT PLAN PARTICIPANTS BY CATEGORY December 31, 2013

Category	Number of Participants
Trainer	105
Employee	11
TOTAL PARTICIPANTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	116

PENNSYLVANIA THOROUGHBRED HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF RETIREMENT PLAN PARTICIPANTS BY STATE December 31, 2013

State	Number of Participants
PA	88
NJ	19
NY	2
FL	2
DE	1
NH	4
TOTAL PARTICIPANTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	116